NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to the estate of John Forbes are notified, that the subscribers have authorized Geo. Forbes and Hor. C. M'Elderry to settle the same.

Thomas Marshall.
John Forbes.

March 13—14 colm

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of RIDDLE and HILL, was by mutual consent dissolved on the 8th instant.

James R. Riddle,

Will continue to carry on business at the same Stand, and will settle all claims on the concern. Those indebted will please make payment to either of the subscribers.

James R. Riddle,
Joseph B. Hill.

March 24 2aw3w

Twenty Dollars Reward.

Ran away from Major William Noland, at Aldie, Loudoun county, Virginia, a Negro Man named MOSES, a dark mulatto, 22 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, stout made and stoops in his shoulders, has a lounging walk, his nose turns up considerably—had on when he went away a dark short coat of home made cloth, and pantaloons of the same, laced shoes, and a half worn wool hat; the rest of his cloathing not recollected. The above reward will be given to any person who will deliver him to Major Noland at the place, or confine him in any jail so that I get him again.

Isabella Hislop.

Aldie, March 14—17 eo3w

☞ N. B. All persons, and masters of vessels are hereby forewarned from employing or employing said negro, as the law will be enforced against such offenders.

March 17

ORPHANS' COURT,
Alexandria County, March Term, 1817.

Ordered, that the administrator of Ferdinand Marsteller, deceased, do insert the usual advertisement three times a week for four weeks, in the Alexandria papers

A copy—Test.

A. MOORE, Register.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters of administration on the personal estate of Ferdinand Marsteller, late of the county aforesaid deceased:—All persons having claims against the said decedent are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, legally by the Orphans' Court, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of March next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 17th March 1817.

JAMES R. RIDDLE,
Adm'r of Ferdinand Marsteller.

March 17 eo4w

Land for Sale.

A tract or parcel of Land, containing one hundred and three hundred acres, on the north side of Occoquan, in Fairfax county, about 5 miles west of Occoquan mills. It is well watered with never failing springs, it is also well timbered, and the great quantity of fur timber renders it the more valuable to any person in the coopering line. This land is of a middle soil, and produces corn, wheat or any other grain tolerable well—about 100 acres cleared and under good fence. The improvements are a dwelling house & other out houses, and a good apple orchard of about sixty trees.

ALSO,

Another tract in the same county, three miles of Occoquan, lying on Bull Run, containing 47 acres—one half cultivation and under good fence, the under heavily timbered. There are on the premises an old framed dwelling house and out houses and an apple orchard of eighty bearing trees.

Any person inclining to purchase can view the premises and know the terms by applying to the subscriber who lives thereon.

Thomas Gossom.

October 30 9montns

Millstone Manufactory.

JOHN S. BROWN & CO.

Respectfully inform the public, that they continue the manufactory of Burr Millstones, on the corner of Patrick and Pendleton streets, in the town of Alexandria, where they are ready to receive orders, with which they may be favored, and will execute them with all despatch, and in the best manner.

March 6 tf

ALMANACS,

English and German,
For the Year
1817,

Wholesale and Retail—for sale by
James Kennedy & Son

March 8 d

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE, COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL

PUBLISHED *DAILY*, BY *S. SNOWDEN*, ROYAL-STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

VOL. XVII] MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1817. [1817

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water Streets,
A VARIETY OF
Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

☞ All kind of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. & M. MARSTELLER.

Sales at Auction.

On Wednesdays and Saturdays,
WILL BE OFFERED,
At the Auction Office on Union street, Between King and Prince—

AN extensive and general assortment of seasonable Goods, of British, French, German, India, and Domestic Manufacture, which will be well selected, and well worthy the attention of town and country merchants and others; as the undersigned will be abundantly supplied from the manufactors and their friends in Boston, New York and Philadelphia—which will give to gentlemen an opportunity of laying in their goods on as good terms as they can be in those cities, taking into view the difference of Exchange, etc. etc.

The particular description of goods will be advertised in the papers of the day

Consignments strictly attended to and liberal advances made if desirable.

John Jackson & Co.
Auctioneers.

November 27

Bolting Cloths.

The subscriber has just received by the General Lingan, Captain Weston, from Amsterdam, a large and elegant assortment of Bolting Cloths, of a superior quality, which will be offered for sale at the store of Mr. James Anderson.

Amos Alexander.

October 6 tf

Paper for Sale.

David and J. Ross

Have received, per ship Potomac, from Genoa,

87 bales writing paper, assorted

Which they offer for sale on very low terms. They keep a constant supply of first quality chewing tobacco for sale by the quantity.

Dec 17

FOR SALE,

A tract of Land containing 357 acres, more or less, lying on Occoquan Bay in the county of Fairfax and state of Virginia, adjoining the lands of Robert I. Thompson and William Mason. It is presumed those desirous of purchasing will view the land and for themselves judge of its peculiar advantages. One third of the purchase money will be required in hand, the balance at 12, & 18 months, with a deed of trust to secure the payments.

Thompson F. Mason.

December 14.

Butter and Clover Seed,

80 firkins best Bath county butter &
75 bushels warranted clover seed,
Received and for sale by
Thomas Janney & Co.

Feb 1

Hardware & Cutlery.

The subscriber has a few casks Hardware and Cutlery, which he will sell very low for cash or on a short credit.

HE HAS ALSO,

A handsome assorment of Good, opened,
With a general assortment of
FANCY GOODS.

☞ Country merchants and others will find it to their interest to call and see the Goods.

John Johnston,
King street, opposite the Washington Tavern, Alexandria.

March 4

The substantial Brig
ALBERT,
Captain Swan, will sail for LIVERPOOL in the course of next week, and will take on freight 4 or 500 barrels.

ALSO, FOR

Philadelphia,
[To sail on Tuesday next]

The sloop Isabella, Capt. Mills, and will take on freight a few hundred barrels. For terms apply to
NEWTON KEENE.

March 1. tf

Little River Turnpike Stock

WANTED;
For which cash will be paid at the
Fire Insurance Office.

February 13 tf

Hannon & Bradley,

Cabinet Makers.

Respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have commenced the above business in all its various branches, at the stand lately occupied by James Harris at the corner of King and Patrick streets, where all orders in their line will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

They trust that by strict attention together with the quality of their work they will be enabled to give general satisfaction to all those who may please to favour them with their custom.

N. B. Old furniture repaired at the shortest notice. March 6

A few Shares of Mechanics' Bank Stock, for sale.

Apply to the Printer.

Jan 2 tf

REMOVAL

JOHN WOOD,

HAS removed his cooper's shop to King-Street, in the shop lately occupied by Mr. Talbert. Where he is prepared to execute the orders of his friends with punctuality and dispatch,

He will coustantly keep on hand articles in his line, particularly flour barrels

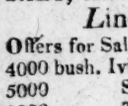
March 8

Laborers Wanted.

Twelve Dollars per month, will be given for Laborers to work on the Public Works at Fort Washington. Apply to Lieut. Col. W. K. Armistead.

March 8 tf

For Freight,

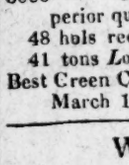


The brig Commerce,
John Wade, master, carries one thousand six hundred barrels, a substantial vessel, in good order and will be ready to receive a cargo in a few days. Apply to
Lawrason & Fowle.

Who have received per said brig from Newburyport and for sale.

50 barrels New England rum
3 cases hats

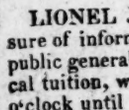
FOR LIVERPOOL



The ship Hazard,
William Crabtree master, is now loading and will sail by the fourth of April and can accommodate a few passengers.

Apply to the master on board
or
Lawrason & Fowle.

FOR CADIZ,



The brig Panopea,
Eleazer Crabtree master, is now loading and will take some light freight, or passengers for which. Apply as above

March 19

LOST.

A Check drawn, by C. Smith, Cashr. on the Mechanich Bank of Baltimore in favor of John Cox, and by him endorsed dated 21st. January, for 28,000 dollars, written on a quarter sheet of letter paper, the finder is requested to return it to either of the parties, or to the Bank of Columbia.

March 1

SALT; ALBANY SEED OATS, &c

Lindsay & Hill,

Offers for Sale,

4000 bush.	Ivica Salt	suitable for packing fish
5000	St Ubes do	
3000	T Island do	
6000	Cadiz do	
3000	Albany Seed Oats, of a superior quality	

48 hols rectified Whiskey old
41 tons Logwood, St. Domingo
Best Green Coffee in bags

March 10

WHISKEY.

LINDSAY & HILL,

Have just received and offer forsale 52 barrels rectified *Whiskey*—old.

February 7 tf

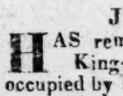
A CARD.

LIONEL J. LARKIN, has the pleasure of informing his scholars and the public generally, that his hours for musical tuition, will be every day from nine o'clock until twelve A. M. and from two until half past five, P. M. and from 7 until half past 9 on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday Evenings.

Ladies wishing to learn the double or single Flageolett, will be waited on at their residence.

For terms—inquire at Mr. R. Gray's Book store. March 19

For Sale, Freight or Charter,



The good brig Rising Sun, burthen about 1000 barrels. She is a first rate vessel, well found & sheathed. For terms apply to
GEO. COLEMAN.

Who has for sale, a few hhds Grenada Rum, third proof, of an excellent quality. Also, New England Rum in barrels, green and white Coffee in bags.

March 5

For Sale,

An excellent House Servant, about 32 years of age, has one child, a boy about eight months old—she is an excellent washer and ironer—she can be well recommended for honesty, sobriety and industry. For particulars enquire at this office.

March 25 d6t

A Brick-moulder & Off-bearer

TO HIRE.

I wish to hire for the ensuing season, a Brick moulder and an Off-bearer, whom I can recommend to be steady and good hands. No person need apply without being willing to give Fifty Dollars per month for the moulder, and Twenty Dollars per month for the Off bearer—the subscriber finding them, and their wages paid weekly.

Bolitha Laws,

March 25 d3w

N E Rum

26 bls. landing, from schooner Native, from Boston, for sale by
Barnewall & Popham.

March 25 1w

N England Rum, Sugar, etc.

This day landing from schooner Native, from Boston—

80 barrels N. E. Rum
Hhds and bls Muscovado Sugar.

IN STORE,

50 barrels tanners' oil
45 boxes dipt candles
30 cask cut nails, assorted sizes
50 casks Thomastown lime
Boston no. 1 beef—brown soap
Keg raisins
Soal leather—bags pepper
Mens' coarse shoes, etc.

For sale by
Dunbar & Townsend.

March 25 tf

FOR RENT,

JOEL Z. HARPER & Co. will rent the store they now occupy on the north side of King-street, next door to Mr. Wm Gilhams Possession given immediately. March 25

The Subscriber offers for Sale,
At his Warehouse, Tucker's wharf,

3,000 bushels Turks Island salt
Antigua rum in hogsheads and barrels
Whiskey in ditto
New England rum in ditto
Madeira wine in pipes, half pipes and quarter casks
Sherry in ditto
Chewing tobacco in kegs—small twist
Nails in kegs assorted
Candles in boxes
English white lead ground in oil
Milled sheet lead
2 boxes servant's glossed hats made of fur
10 bales English sacking
2 ditto do canvass, No. 3 to 6,

All of which will be sold low by
James Sanderson.

March 25 tf

Notice.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of John Violett and Son, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

John Violett.
Robert G. Violett.

March 21 d1w

For New-York,

The brig DOVE, W. I. Tobey, master; she has half her cargo engaged, and will sail in three or 4 days For freight of 500 barrels, apply to

M. MILLER, or
T. H. HOWLAND.

March 25

QUIGLY'S
Burr Mill Stone Manufactory.

THE subscriber has received a large supply of BURR BLOCKS direct from France, and has commenced making Burr Mill Stones, at his shop, upper end of King street, near the store of Mr James Anderson, where he can on a short notice, furnish Stones of any size, warranted equal to any in the United States and on the most reasonable terms.

Michael Quigly.

april 6 tf

Albany Oats,

A few hundred bushels of Oats worthy the attention of farmers, can be had by applying to the subscriber, lower end of Duke street.

Wm. H. Brown

March 10

COMBS.

Thomas Mount,

Continues to have Combs manufactured from totoise shell and horns. He has just finished about one hundred & fifty dozen Tortoise shell Combs, of newest fashions; which, with a very general assortment of combs of all descriptions and a very handsome collection of

Fancy Goods, Hardware and Cutlery,

Inferior to none in the district of Columbia, he offers for sale on reasonable terms, at his Fancy Hardware Store on King street.

Editors of the National Intelligencer are requested to insert the above three times and send their account to this office.

February 14

FOR PHILADELPHIA or N. YORK,

The new & fast sailing schooner FRANKLIN, Job Stockley master, about 500 barrels, will take freight for either port on reasonable terms. Apply to GEO. COLEMAN.

March 20

Union Team Boat.

The Union Team Boat has commenced running her regular rout from Georgetown to Alexandria—starting from the former place at nine o'clock A.M. & from the latter place at four o'clock P. M;—and for the accommodation of persons to and from the city of Washington, will stop on her way up and down, opposite Captain Davis's wharf, a few minutes.

This boat is fitted up at an expence and in a style of elegance not equalled by any similar passage boat in the United States; and every arrangement has been made that can add to the comfort and convenience of the passengers, particularly the ladies.

Fare and passage same as last year.

Annual tickets may be had of the captain.

This boat will start from the wharf of Messrs. John W. Baker, lower end of Market street, Georgetown—& from the wharf of Mr. Andrew Bartle, Alexandria.

JOHN SHREVE.

March 17 d2w

Notice.

Ranaway from the subscriber in Cornwallis's Neck, a negro woman named Phillis, formerly the cook and market woman of Captain Richard Stonestreet, of Broad Creek—I have heard she wishes to get to Philadelphia. I will give One Hundred Dollars if taken in or about Philadelphia; Twenty five if taken in or about Baltimore, and Fifty Dollars if taken in Alexandria or neighborhood, and secured in any jail so that I get her again. I heard lately she was seen in Washington with her free husband, who call himself William Adams.

Joseph N. Stonestreet.

February 22 tf

Just received,

And for sale by the subscriber,
25 kegs tobacco, superior quality
50 bags coffee
1 hhd and 8 bls prime Muscovado sugars.

Wm M. Chick

March 10

Salt afloat.

On board the ship Wilhelmina at Central Wharf
9000 bushels Lisbon salt suitable for the Fisheries
For sale on board, or by
Lawrason & Fowle,

Who have in store for sale
5000 bushels coarse St. Ubes salt
1300 sacks Liverpool blown do

March 8

Wanted,

Two Boys to the Hatting Business from 14 to 16 years of age, of good character and connections.

J. T. O. Wilbar.

February 18 tf

☞ *Potomac* and *Shenandoah*
Navigation Lottery.

THE drawing of the Lottery will be recommenced on Monday the third of February next.

Tickets to be had of Joseph Brewer, at the Commissioner's Office in George Town, and of Jonah Thompson, Agent of said Lottery, in Alexandria.

Elie Williams, Pres't.

December 27

Furrs & Peltries

On the 15th April, ensuing, at eleven o'clock A. M. will be offered at Public Auction, at the store house of the superintendent of Indian trade, in Georgetown D C. A parcel of Furs & Peltries, received from the United States trading houses; principally from the upper Mississiqpi, and the Missouri; among them are,

13000 shaved deer skins
250 bear do
190 cub
2700 muskrats
140 otter
360 raccoon
640 beaver

And some cat and fox skins

Approved notes at ninety days, will be received for all sums above one hundred dollars.

THOMAS L. M'KENNEY,
Superintendent of Indian trade.

March 10 dts

Public Sale.

By virtue of a deed of trust to the subscriber, will be exposed to sale, before the door of the City Hotel, on *Wednesday* the 9th day of April next—

Two LOTS of GROUND,
With all the Improvements thereon,

Situate at the intersection of King and Fayette streets, in the town of Alexandria. The first beginning at the northwest corner of the intersection of said streets, and running northwardly with Fayette street one hundred feet to a ten feet alley, thence westwardly with the alley sixty one feet eight and a half inches, thence southwardly with a line parallel with Fayette street one hundred feet on King street thence eastwardly with King street sixty one feet eight and an half inches to the beginning. The second beginning at the north west corner of the intersection of the aforesaid alley with Fayette street and running northwardly with Fayette street sixty six feet seven inches, thence westwardly and parallel to the said alley and King street one hundred and twenty three feet five inches, thence southwardly and parallel to Fayette street sixty six feet seven inches to said alley, thence eastwardly with said alley one hundred and twenty three feet five inches to the beginning.

Wm. Herbert, jun.
Trustee.

March 10 dts

AT a meeting of the Relief Fire Company, March 6, 1817, the following Officers were elected:

Commanders.
Thomas Preston 1st
Thomas Vowell 2nd
Robert Anderson 3d

Regulators.
John A. Stewart
Horace Field
James Harris
Robert Hunter

Subordinate Directors.
Isaac Entwisle
Charles Slade
Mark Butts

Trustees.
John Johnston
H. B. Dagan
William Harper.

Wm. Wood, Clerk.

March 28 3t

TO RENT,

The house and premises now occupied by the subscriber, pleasantly situated in Water street, will make a delightful summer residence, and is calculated to accommodate a large family. The occupant being about leaving the country, would rent the above situation until the first of October next at a low rate. For terms, apply to Messrs. Lawrason & Fowle, or to

WM. CRABTREE, Jr.

March 28 1m

Piano Fortes.

The subscriber has just received an elegant upright cabinet Piano Forte, on a new construction, of very superior tone, and warranted to stand well in tune—has additional keys and two pedals, one to raise the dampers, the other removes the finger board, so that the hammers strike but one string, by which means it may be made as Piano as necessary.

ON HAND,

four square Pianos, with additional keys; some of them pronounced by judges to be of excellent quality.

R. GRAY.

March 28

For Fredericksburg

The schooner Betsy Ann, Captain Tapscott will sail on Tuesday next & take freight very low. Apply to the master on board at Central wharf, or

Lawrason & Fowle.

March 28

Alexandria Gazette

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

Daily Gazette 7 Dollars.
Country Gazette 5 Dollars.

MONDAY, MARCH 31

Public Sale.

On Thursday next the third April, will be sold at the Store House of Wm. Garner and Co. (Vowell's wharf)

All their Stock in Trade,

Consisting of

A large & general assortment of Groceries.
Glass and Queensware, etc.
Quantity of Bacon. etc. etc.

P. G. Marsteller, Auc'r.
March 28 dts

1378 Packages English and India Goods.

Sale at Auction.

Will be sold by public auction to the highest bidder, on Thursday the 10th of April. at the Warehouse of George and John Hoffman, Charles street, Baltimore, the entire Spring Importations of George and John Hoffman and Peter Hoffman, by the ship Emily, from London, and other vessels.

ALSO,

The Entire Importations of Geo. and John Hoffman and of Peter Hoffman, of India Goods by the ship Phœnix, just arrived from Canton, comprising an extensive and well selected assortment of

726 Packages

English, Cotton and Woollen GOODS.

652 Packages

India Silks Nankeens, Teas,

etc. etc.

Among which are,

common and super calicoes
cambrick fancy mull and book muslins
shirting cottons waistcoatings
handkerchiefs of all descriptions
hosiery short and long
ginghams york and venitian stripes
Grandurell and other Nankeens
checks tycks shawls
extra super and super London cloths and cassimeres in perial cords
Manchester cords and velveteens
black and colored bombazeens and bombazetts
gloves pins threads and braces
flannels blankets coatings
Yorkshire cloths, &c.
Canton crapes assorted
sarsenetts senshaws sewing silks
shawls handkerchiefs
florences satins
yellow and blue nankeens
hyson skin young hyson imperial su chong teas
cassia, &c.

☞ The terms of credit will be very liberal, and the catalogues prepared and distributed several days previous to the sale.

For the encouragement of distant traders, approved notes payable at any chartered bank in their vicinity, will be received in payment, and a liberal discount will be allowed for prompt payment.

The entire of those goods have been purchased in their several markets with ready money, well selected by competent hands; and it being the intention of the owners to sell the same at the lowest market rates, they indulge the expectation that the town and country traders will now avail of the opportunity of laying in their supplies in Baltimore at as cheap and probably cheaper rates than Eastward, and thereby remove the inconvenience of going to more distant markets.

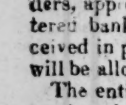
For and by direction of the owners,
Ridgeley & Neilson,
Appleton, Poor & Miles.
Baltimore, March 27 —29 3t

New Orleans Sugar.

50 hdds first quality NOrleans Sugar
19 ditto, & 10 barrels Rye Whiskey,
Landing this day, for sale by
James and Joshua Harper.

IN STORE,
Cotton in bales
French Brandy in butts
March 29 3t

FOR FREIGHT,



The schooner *William*, Mayo master, carries about 1100 bls. is a superior vessel, in complete order, will take freight for Europe, the West Indies or coastwise. Apply to
Lawrason & Fowle.
March 29

Coffee, Salt, &c.

50 bags green coffee
75 sacks Liverpool blown salt
A few kegs butter
Landing from sloop Alert, and for sale by JOHN KETTELL & CO.
March 29 3t

MERINO WOOL

Will be purchased, if well washed, for which British goods by the packages or piece will be given at reasonable advance at No. 4, corner of German and Sharpe streets
Baltimore March 27—29

From the Eclectick Review for January 1817.

Extract from a review of Warden's Letters from St Helena, and republished in Phila. by Mr. Thomas.

"As we are no longer at war with Napoleon Bonaparte, it has ceased to be necessary to render his character an object of indefinite horror, to dress it up in flames and demons, as the devoted victims of the inquisition are arrayed, preparatory to their being delivered over, as it is fondly hoped, to everlasting destruction. There can be no harm now in letting the world know the simple truth, as respects the moral and intellectual qualities of a man whom broadyed wonder so long contemplated at a distance, as something more or less than human; the fascination of his eye is no longer terrible; the fang is extracted, and the poison is spent.

Bonaparte was a bold, bad man; a man divested of all moral principle, and all sense of religious obligation. The circumstances which prepared the way for his extraordinary elevation, were of the most demoralizing tendency. In times of revolutionary anarchy, the bonds of political obligation are weakened, if not destroyed; war suspends no less the rules of moral obligation, and to adopt the remark of Burk; 'what is long suspended is in danger of being totally abrogated.' He that makes war his profession,' remarks Machiavel, 'cannot be otherwise than vicious.' he that aims at power finds his deadliest foe in liberty, and must be the parricide of his country, in order to inherit the crown. Bonaparte was a soldier, an adventurer, a usurper: in other words, he was unfeeling, daring, desperate. Yet so debased and prostrate were the people whom he succeeded in enslaving, that all that would have rendered the adventure difficult, the public virtue which would have sternly reproached his ambition, the public freedom which would have opposed his progress, the moral principles which he would have had to countermine, the social interests through which he would have had to cut his way, were previously annihilated; he had less to destroy, to raise, and to subvert, than perhaps any previous tyrant. He found to use his own expression, 'a crown in the kennel;' he 'cleansed it from its filth, and placed it on his own head.' His swords was bloody, but his sceptre more innocent than the rod of the Anarchist whom he displaced. He found France a prey to every foul & malignant passion, he was the master demon whom the rest obeyed. The greatest aggravation of Bonaparte's criminality was, that when the most glorious opportunity ever perhaps afforded to an individual, of becoming the political benefactor of a nation, presented itself, and he might have established his power the liberty and happiness of an enfranchised and grateful people, he showed all the littleness of a tyrant's soul in the preference of selfish ends; he chose the evil, and rejected the good; he determined to render abortive all the struggles of France for liberty, and to make it appear that all the blood that had flowed on the scaffold, and all the sufferings of the reign of terror, had been in vain; he voluntarily descended among the herd of conquerors and usurpers, the imperial vulgar that have spoiled, and infested, and destroyed mankind.

But in all this we discover nothing monstrous. It required neither superhuman faculties, nor the operation of motives foreign to human nature. Had it been possible for him to have made England, instead of France, the theatre of his ambition, then, in order to have succeeded, he must have been either a better or worse man than it was necessary he should be, to become the despot of the Continent. We would not attempt to depreciate the abilities Bonaparte; all such attempts recoil on those who so long endured his slavery, or trembled at his name. We lend a rather credulous ear to the Abbe de Pradt's droll stories about his quondam master, and are equally suspicious as to the accuracy of other retailers of caricature anecdote. But still, it should be remembered, that Bonaparte had at his command, besides other peculiar advantages, a rare combination of diplomatick and military skill, in the persons of his immediate partisans. To the talents of his generals he owed much; to the subtle agency of his ministers still more. Add to this that the work of evil is always more facile, requires less comprehension of intellect, lies more within the grasp of the will, than designs that embrace the good of mankind: far less nicety is requisite in the choice of agents, and the adaption of expedients. Bonaparte's success resulted frequently from unembarrassed promptness of manoeuvering. His policy was similar to that to which it is said thief takers frequently resort; when they expect resistance; they gain the first blow by surprising their victim, daunt him at the onset by the fearlessness of their attack, and trust to the power of conscience to second them in disarming the criminal. With what better than imbecility and crime had this imperial king taker in many instances to contend?

Bonapartes's faculties were certainly extraordinary, but not, we think, of the highest order. Mr. Warden's report of the conversations and interviews he had with him, exhibits him as displaying great shrewdness and rapidity of thought. It would seem that there was hardly a subject on which he had not bestowed a hasty glance. He considerably surprised the worthy chaplain of the Northumberland, by abruptly enquiring whether he was a Puritan. At one time his inquiries were respecting the tenets of the English Church; at another time, at what precise period the soul leaves the body at death, and when it is supposed first to be superinduced on the principle of animal life in the infant. But though we naturally feel surprize at the variety and strangeness of the topics on which these flashes of thought happen to fall, the extent of information and depth of remark which they discover, would not, in any other case, strike us as surpassing the ordinary stretch of respectable gentlemanly faculties. We must do Mr. Warden the credit to say, that he appears to have been as little as possible dazzled by the rank or name of the high personage with whom he was privileged to enjoy so great familiarity. He seems to have preserved the utmost coolness, and to have kept the erect posture that became, in such a situation, an Englishman. We have no doubt that there are in this country hundreds, who, in a similar situation, would have lost themselves in stupid admiration of the great man.

Bonaparte's manners, all accounts agree in stating, are, when he pleases, fascinating. Mr. Warden describes his deportment as highly affable and cheerful, and his conversation as lively and interesting. Is it possible to conceive of the ex-emperor of France, as an agreeable companion? Why not? He is at St. Helena, not at St. Cloud. We lose half the benefit of the lesson Providence has set before us in this man, if we refuse to contemplate him as an exemplification of our common nature. It is no apology for his crimes that he is a man; but these furnish no small part of the proof of his participation of humanity. What was there uncommon in the moral compound of his character? Who is there whom the habits of a soldier would not tend to brutalize, power to infatuate, and irreligion to harden into the foe of his kind? Were moral evil really odious in itself to men in general, there would have been no need to superadd fabulous qualities to the natural vices of Bonaparte; but then, how should he have been distinguished in public feeling, from other great criminals, unless indeed as he happened to be our national enemy?

Bonaparte was habitually under the influence of selfish, that is, of evil motive; but men seldom luxuriate in evil without motive. History presents to us few Domitians, few imperial flykillers, whose imbecility exempts them from the ordinary laws of human action. The most notorious delinquents are generally rational in their wickedness: there is method in their madness. They may, therefore, without any change of principle, be led by rational inducements to adopt a different course of conduct. There are circumstances which powerfully tend to render the most selfish beings, companionable, and the most obdurate, kind: the social instincts of our nature are seldom so completely obliterated but that they will at times re-appear in the intermittings of passion, and if occasion stimulate their exercise, regain their ascendancy. There have been implacable foes whom common afflictions and common necessities have reconciled; there are situations of lonely suffering in which humanity is felt as a tie of brotherhood. One roof, a common board, and the daily familiarity of intercourse, would often suffice to soften down the most violent antipathies of nation, sect, and party, into mild forbearance; and in exile the fell tyrant himself may learn to sue for friendship, gladly bartering all his pride for a ray of human kindness. It is true, no one would like to encounter even a tamed lion in a forest; but in his cage he is harmless. There is nothing, then, surprizing, to find Bonaparte, at St. Helena, frank, playful, cheerful; nay, were remembrance extinct were his own energies no hindrance to his repose, we might well suppose him happier than when listening to the adulation of his fawning senate, or dictating the terms of peace to humbled emperors."

From the Federal Gazette.

Extract from "An answer to certain parts of a work published by Matthew Carey, entitled the Olive Branch, or faults on both Sides, by a federalist.

"Having engaged in the war for the preservation of his power, it became all important to Mr. Madison so to conduct it as to secure his own popularity. In order to gain glory to himself, he had a voracious disposition to conquer the enemy's provinces. With this dazzling object before him, he became much less anxious for the safety of the atalantic coast, than its relative importance seemed fairly to demand. It is very apparent that he was more solicitous to conquer Canada, than to secure the wealthy and populous cities and towns upon the sea shore. To this object, therefore, he bent all the energies of his mind, and all the regular military forces of the nation As early as the 14th of July, 1812, and the very day after the president had ordered the Secretary of war to declare to Governor Griswold, that the United States were in imminent danger of invasion on the Atlantic coast, General Dearborn, the commander in chief of the United States army, wrote a letter to Governor Griswold, in which he says—"Having received orders to leave the sea coast where I was ordered for the purpose of taking the necessary measures for placing the towns and garrisons in a state of defence against the invasions or attack of the enemy, and to repair to Albany, it becomes my duty again to request your excellency to order out such part of your state's quota of the detached militia, as the present state of war requires. The number I had the honor to state to your excellency in my letter of the 22d ult. As other objects will require the service of a great part of the regular troops, it will become my duty to order them from the seaboard, and, of course, I must leave some part of the coast with less protection against those depredating parties of the enemy, that may attempt invasion for the mere purpose of plunder, than prudence would have justified, if a suitable number of the militia should not be ordered out in conformity with the views and intentions of the president of the U. States, as heretofore expressed."—Here the object for calling for the militia is sufficiently explained. It was not to repel any threatened or attempted invasion, but it was to go into the United States garrisons, to supply the vacancies of the United States troops, and to do their appropriate duty, whilst the president, the author of the war, should take the United States troops, whose first, solemn, and paramount duty it was to defend the country, and to go in quest of the adventures of knight-errantry in the territory of the enemy! Was this what the framers of the constitution meant by protecting the militia against any arbitrary attempts of the nation to turn them into regular soldiers? If this was, nothing further is necessary in any presidential warrior, than to provoke a war, and to demand of an obsequious congress the command of any number of the militia which he may think commensurate with the projects of ambition and usurpation, and the business will be ready prepared and easily performed, to his acceptance.

"Will it be said that the declaration of the president, is conclusive evidence of the existence or the danger of invasion? Our future presidents must be more careful of their veracity than the two last have been, before such principle can be safely adopted. Did not Mr Jefferson on a certain occasion, for the purpose of obtaining command of the Vermont militia, declare that an insurrection existed in that state, when the fact was notoriously otherwise? The truth is, the politicians of the Jeffersonian school are rarely to be trusted, even on their Bible oaths," if they have any end to answer by prevarication. They pay no regard to the truth, when it stands in their way; their ambitious purposes are more influential over their conduct, than any sense of moral or religious obligation, and of course, their practice is, to trust to the sanction which the end can furnish, in justification of the means they use for its accomplishment.

"The general plan upon which the war was conducted by the administration, was in direct opposition to the great principles which gave birth to the constitution. One of the principal objects of the constitution, as has been more than once remarked, was "to provide for the common defence." No administration can justify measures, the tendency of which is necessarily to plunge the country into war, unless they have taken previous precations for the "common defence." To declare a war, without having raised an army; to provoke a nation into hostilities, whose only means of annoyance are from the water, and, at the same time, to withdraw all the national force from the sea coast, & to leave the inhabitants and the towns entirely unprotected, and to take care of themselves, is a manifest violation of duty on the part of the government. It seems, by the declaration of the generalissimo of our armies, that "other objects than the defence of the sea coasts required the services of a great part of the regular troops." Of course, those troops were ordered away from that coast, and the inhabitants were left to defend themselves, or to become a prey to the enemy. In such circumstances, it was clearly proper for the authority of the states, thus exposed and abandoned, to resist any attempt to rob them of their natural as well as constitutional defenders, not plainly warranted by the constitution.

Indeed, I am willing to go a step further than the New-England states went, and say, that the national government having entirely failed to execute one of the most material and cardinal parts of the constitution—providing for the defence of the states, the states were thereby necessarily released from their duties to the nation, and would have been justifiable in refusing a compliance with the requisition, which in other circumstance, s would have been constitutional and obligatory. But, in the case under consideration, there is no necessity of resorting to so strong ground as that just mentioned. The demand on the part of the President, was manifestly unconstitutional, and to a demand not warranted by the constitution, the states are no more bound to yield obedience, than to one which might be made upon them by Great Britain or France. Indeed, if they are faithful to themselves, and mean to preserve their liberties and independence.

They are bound by the strongest possible obligations of patriotism and duty, to resist such demands to the utmost. The least acquiescence under an unconstitutional exercise of power, on the part of the national government would lay the axe at the root of the sovereignty of the states. One encroachment, however insignificant its ostensible object, will pave the way for a new one of a more important and alarming character, and in a short time, if the national affairs should continue in such unprincipled and usurping hands as they have been in for fifteen years past, the very forms and vestiges of freedom would be rooted out and destroyed.

"The sequel of this history is of importance to shew, that ambitious men are not easily beaten off from a favorite object. Mr. Madison considered himself possessed of a superabundance of dignity, and therefore submitted with an ill grace to a public mortification. The idea of being arrested in his strides towards a consolidated republic, and a monopoly of power, produced in his mind the deepest chagrin and resentment. He brought the subject before congress, in the style not only of complaint, but almost of impeachment. It was very formally referred to committees—loud threats of punishments were uttered against the rebellious governors of the New England states, and vast expectations were excited, and kept up, throughout the session, to see what course would be adopted by a limited republican government to punish the chief magistrates of free and independent sovereignties, for an exercise of constitutional duty over their own citizens. After deliberating over the high misdemeanors of these refractory magistrates during a whole session, the business ended in smoke'—not even a report from the prolific head of Mr. senator Giles could be obtained, and the governors escaped from the threatened vengeance of a disappointed cabinet."

CLOVER SEED.

A small supply, for sale by
JAS. & JACOB DOUGLAS
january 30 co3t&1awi+

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Neatly executed at the Office of the Alexandria Gazette.

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ALEXANDRIA.

MONDAY, March 31.

ON USURY.

The following remarks on the question of the expediency of abolishing all laws against Usury, are extracted from the address of George Hay, Esq. to his constituents, detailing the proceedings of the Legislature of Virginia, of which it may be recollected he was a member.

There is much force in these remarks on a question becoming daily more important to the people of this country.

Usury Bill. The bill which I obtained leave to introduce, for repealing the laws against Usury, has been much misunderstood. I am not surprised at this. To many of you, the proposition which is announced, is a novelty; and what is new in politics, is always to be suspected, but what is new, is not always to be condemned. If it were so, there would be an end of all improvement. New propositions ought to be examined with great circumspection, and admitted only when they are proved to be correct. In this case, I think the proof conclusive, but if experience should have demonstrated the fallacy of the reasoning to which I had recourse, we could in that event, go back to the old system with as much ease as we had abandoned it. As an experiment at least, it is worthy of being tried. Our present system is universally admitted to be defective.

You will not expect from me here, a detailed argument on this subject. A proper exposition of it, under all its aspects would occupy a little volume; this little volume you shall see, as I have leisure to prepare it. I am willing to submit it to the investigation of the people of the United States. I feel assured, that the doctrine for which I contend, will finally prevail throughout America.

Although I cannot now furnish you with the argument in full, I will submit to you the principal propositions which I endeavoured to illustrate and support.

1. That to take interest for money is not forbidden by the law of justice, reason, or morality.

2. That if it be morally lawful to take interest, it is morally lawful to take any interest fairly agreed on. This proposition is founded on another universally true, that all contracts, where there is no fraud or mistake are morally binding.

3. That the restriction on the rate of interest, which has prevailed throughout the christian world, was not the result of political considerations, but a compromise between the religious prejudice, which for many centuries denounced the taking of any interest as a crime, and the good sense of mankind, awakened by commerce, which became at length convinced that interest ought to be allowed.

4. That the laws against taking more than a prescribed rate of interest are ineffectual in all countries, and under all governments, even the most despotic.

5. That these laws, though totally unavailing as to the object which they have in view, are pernicious, by increasing the evil, they were intended to remove, it being a fact, historically proved, that usury is always high, in proportion to the severity with which it is denounced.

6. That if the market was left open and free to money holders, the rate of interest would be reduced, as all the money in the country would then be brought into circulation, and there would be, of course a competition among lenders.

7. That the market rate of interest never was, and never can be, in any country regulated by law. It will regulate itself, just as the prices of flour, tobacco, and stock regulate themselves,

8. That the present laws have a demoralizing tendency, because they permit a man to make a contract and then bribe him to violate it.

This is but a rough outline of the argument, I will soon fill it up. I hope that the public attention will be directed to this subject, and I trust that I shall see the time, when to use the language of the first literary journal in the world, "these absurd and barbarous laws will be repealed"; laws which it declares in the face of all Europe, no man of sound understanding can now be found hardly enough to support.

The Example of Jesus Christ at twelve years of age.

Proposed for the imitation of young persons.

"When he was twelve years old and so, according to the Jewish custom, was considered as subject to the law) he went up to the temple with the pious parents to celebrate the passover; and, upon the occasion, he showed the most zealous attachment to the house and service of God. His parent and relations were returning home: while unknown to them, he still remained at Jerusalem. After a painful search they found him on the third day amongst the public teachers of religion, listening to their instructions, and requesting their answers to his inquiries; and, by his profound understanding in divine things exciting the astonishment of all who were present. When his mother had expressed her wonder at his conduct, as having occasioned them many anxious fears, he replied, with a zeal far beyond his years, "Wist ye not that I must be about my Father's business?" Yet he did not renounce his obedience to Joseph and Mary or despise them on account of his now superior rank or abilities; but, with all filial regard and submission to their authority, he went down to dwell with them at Nazareth.

"Here then we have an example that may be proposed to all; but which more especially demands the attention of young persons; therefore we call upon such to contemplate the amiable conduct of Jesus at that early period. Do not the same dispositions which he possessed become you also! and do you, who are only twelve years old, acknowledge your obligations to worship God and frequent his ordinances? Is the house and service of God your delight? Jesus undertook a long journey; and, after he had spent many days together in waiting upon God, seemed unwilling to leave the sacred courts; but do you think the least trouble for any religious purposes more than enough, and the shortest time too long? Have you not said 'What a weariness is it? When will the Sabbath be gone?" Are the grand subjects of divine revelation your study, or the matter of your humble and diligent enquiry? Do you listen with eagerness to the instruction of your teachers? and would you gladly embrace an opportunity of conversing with them for your own edification? Ah! how different are the greater part of your young people! What ignorance and contempt of God! what a profane neglect of his house, his word, and ministers, do we discover in them!"

Port of Alexandria.

FROM THE EXCHANGE COFFEE-HOUSE BOOKS.

March 28.

Arrived.

Sloop Hector, Thorp, NYork, 11 days—sugar, to J. and J. Harper.

Below—Brig Victory, Prescott, Portsmouth, NH. from Guadaloupe, 35 days; sugar, to C. I. Catlett Left brig Fanny, Jewitt, of ditto, to sail for this port in a few days.

Sailed—British schr Harriet, M'Donald, for Trinidad.

March 29.

Arrived.

Sloop Pike, Baker, Baltimore; freight, to sundry persons. Passed a brig last evening below Indian Head, bound up; supposed to be the Victory, reported yesterday.

Brig Aurilla, Howland, hence, arrived at Savanna 21st instant, 10 days.

Entered

Schooner William, Simeon, Philadelphia.

Schooner Fort Landing, Owens, Ocracock.

Schooner Erie, M'Namara, Richmond.

Sloop Hector, Thorp, New York.

Cleared.

Sloop Montezuma, Henry, Georgetown, DC. by the master.

Schooner William, Simeon, ditto; by the master.

NORFOLK, March 26.

Loss of ship Emperor of Russia.

The ship Emperor of Russia, Captain West, from Amsterdam bound to Baltimore, 49 days out, was stranded near Currituck Inlet on the night of Tuesday March 18. From Mr. Samuel W. Fales and Mr. Caldwell passengers in the Emperor of Russia, who arrived in town on Monday, we have received the following:

Extract from the log book of the ship Emperor of Russia, Job West, master, from Amsterdam bound to Baltimore.

"Tuesday March 18, 1817—First part of this day light breezes and pleasant weather. 2 PM tried for soundings with 50 fathoms of line, but no bottom. Steered NW by W 61 miles, wind from ENE to SSE. 15 minutes after 8 PM. sounded in 33 fathom water, sand with black specks. 10 PM. sounded in 21 fathom water; fresh breezes and thick, rainy weather—took in the jib, maintopmast staysail, spanker and mizen topsail. At midnight thick and rainy weather; close reefed the fore and maintopsail, hauled up the foresail and kept the ship under her two topsails. 1, AM the weather as above, sounded in 12 fathom water, at 2 in 13 fathom, and at 3 in 12. Hove the ship too under the topsails, mizen and foretopmast staysails. Up at W by W. off to W by S. 4, AM the weather as above, sounded in 11 fathom water. 15 minutes past 4, the weather being more clear, discovered land directly ahead, apparently surrounded with breakers; immediately hauled down mizen staysail and squared the after yards, in order to wear ship, but before this could be effected the ship struck with such violence that notwithstanding every effort to get her off again she soon bilged. Hoisted out the boats & endeavored to save some part of the cargo; got on shore 33 bales and boxes; erected a tent for the reception of the goods, and as a shelter for the crew. Got on shore part of the sails, rigging, etc.

The Emperor of Russia left Amsterdam the 28th January. Sailed in company with the ships William and Henry, Shed, of Baltimore for New Orleans; Juno, Williams, from Batavia for Havana; Atalanta, Rose, of and for Alexandria; and brigs Defiance, Prince, of and for Boston; Hope, Bangs, of Boston for New Orleans. Left ships Isabella, Tyler, and Millwood, Bailey, of New-York, both for Canton, uncertain; Amazon, Adams, of Philadelphia, do; John, Richards, of New York, from Monte Video, do; Ocean, Thomas, of New York, discharging, William, Hilliard, of Boston, for Isle of May, discharging; Ariosto, Lambert, of N. York. uncertain.

For Richmond,

The Schooner
Erie,
J. S. McNamara, master, will sail the 9th April. For freight or passage, apply to the master on board, at Irvin's wharf.
March 31 eo3t

To Rent,

The Two Story Brick Dwelling House on Prince street, with Stable, Carriage House, &c. lately occupied by Mr. Alexander Sangster, now in good repair.—Possession given immediately.
Apply to
Mary Fletcher.
March 31 2aw2w

TAKE NOTICE,

That application will be made to the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company, for the renewal of three certificates of stock in said Company—Nos. 1129, 1130, & 1131, dated October 2, 1810. Issued in the names of Vincent Moss and Stephen Moss—which have been lost or mislaid.
Vincent Moss.
March 31 1aw6w

NOTICE.

The Members of the Washington Society of Alexandria, are informed that the Oration delivered by Wm. S. Stuart, Esq. is printed in a pamphlet form, and lodged at Mr. Stewart's book store for delivery to themselves or friends.
March 31 3t

Public Sale.

On Tuesday next the first of April, will be sold at the vendue store, corner of Prince and Water Streets,

Superfine and second broadcloths
Flushings
Platillas
Maddapolanes
Cotton shirting
Cambric, leno and book muslin
Ginghams
Men's and women's silk hosiery
Calicoes
Cotton cards
Jeans
Madras handkerchiefs
ALSO,
Muscovado Sugars
Chewing tobacco, very superior
Havanna Segars
Queensware
Wrapping paper
Snuff
1 box assafoetida
P. G. Marsteller.
March 31

A Blacksmith wanted.

A Blacksmith, respectable of character, master of his trade, and wishing to establish himself in a situation commanding extensive custom, would find it to his advantage to make application to the subscriber, near Salem, Fauquier county, Va.
T. Turner.
Feb 28 eotf

Fifty Dollars Reward.

The store of the subscriber was broke open on Tuesday night last by forcing the bar, and breaking a part of the door. From the mark on the door and bar, it appears to have been done by a crowbar or an iron bar. Some old and young hyson teas, with a few other articles were taken, about fourteen dollars in small change and a four dollar note of a bank on the Eastern Shore, signed Tcackle, President, with a parcel of papers, were taken from the till. There was also taken out of a trunk from amongst about thirty bundles of papers, a bundle containing sundry orders and receipts relative to a particular business, some of which was found near the store next morning. A large right hand glove was left behind, worked on the back with blue, and snaked with crimson silk. The above reward will be given for any information which will lead to a discovery of the perpetrators of the above robbery.
George Coleman.
March 29

Public Sale,
On MONDAY, 14th April.

BY virtue of a decree of the high court of chancery of the state of Maryland, the subscriber will sell at public sale, in Port Tobacco, on *MONDAY*, the 14th day of April next, if fair, if not the next fair day thereafter—Part of two Tracts or parcels of Land, called *Hansonton and Barnes's Purchase*; late the property of Richard Barnes, jun. deceased, containing about 130 acres, lying in Charles County, within 3 miles of Port Tobacco, which affords a good market for wood, with which a large proportion of this land is covered, the soil is well adapted to the growth of corn, wheat and tobacco. A further description is deemed unnecessary, as those wishing to purchase will no doubt view the premises before the day of sale. The terms are, a credit of twelve months, with interest from the day of sale, the purchaser giving bond with approved security.
JOHN BARNES, Trustee.
March 29 2awts

The Paradise of Coquettes,

A POEM, in nine Parts.

A second edition of this elegant Poem is just published and for sale by the Subscribers.

The character of this Poem is thus given by the Quarterly and Edinburgh Reviewers:—

The Paradise of Coquettes;
A Poem, in nine Parts.

The character in which the poet professes to speak, is that of the POET OF WOMAN. He is supposed to be addressing woman, and woman only, and addressing her, 'on adventures of which she is the heroine, and on charms and graces, which it is the whole history of her beauty to have exercised with failure or success.'

His incontestible merits, and the assiduous care which he has bestowed upon the poem, deserve the warmest praise.

Quarterly Review, Oct. 1814.

We have here a little volume which may be fairly regarded as a prodigy in this age of quarto ballads, romances, heroics, and sentimental simplicity. It is by far the best and most brilliant imitation of Pope, that has appeared since the time of that great writer; with all his point, polish, and nicely balanced versification, as well as his sarcasm and witty malice. He is always at home—always lively and entertaining.

His satire is polished and yet pungent.

His versification, in particular, is almost invariably flowing & harmonious.

Edinburgh Review, Feb. 1815.

"A vein of polite irony runs through the 'Paradise of Coquettes' which was familiar to the writers of the age of Anne and George the First, but has been discarded in making other modern improvements, by our cotemporaries."

James Kennedy & Son.
March 29 eotf

Old Wine, &c.

The subscriber has added to his former stock four pipes of high flavored 6 year old wine from the house of Scott, Pringle, Veitch & Co. which he solicits a trial of.
IN STORE,
L. P. Madeira wine in pipes, half pipes and quarter casks from each of the most celebrated houses in the island.
Port L. P. Teneriffe and Sherry wines
Old Cognac Brandy, Holland gin; with a general assortment of liquors and groceries, for sale at reduced prices, by
JOHN H. CREASE.
Also ten barrels Rye Flour.
February 5. d4teotf

Alexandria Morocco Manufactory.

At the Corner of Oronoko & Water streets near the Fish wharf,

Where may be had, Morocco for gentlemen's boots, Morocco and American Kid of all colors for ladies' shoes, coach makers' and hatters' Lining Skins, hatters' and spinning wool. The above articles manufactured in the best manner by the subscribers.
John D. Benkhert & Co.
N, B. All kinds of Silks scowered and dyed in the best manner.
November 7 eotf

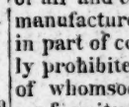
For Boston,

The superior schooner William, Capt. Mayo, will commence loading to morrow and take 400 barrels on freight. Apply to
Lawrason and Fowle.
Who have landing for sale,
50 boxes fresh Lemons.
March 31

For New York.

The substantial and fast sailing sloop Hector, B. Thorp master; burthen 450 barrels; will take freight on reasonable terms; for which, or passage, apply on board at Vowell's wharf, or to
Barnewall and Popham.

Also, for New-York.



The sloop Alert, Timothy Crocker, master; a regular trader, will be ready in a few days to receive a cargo, and will take 600 barrels at low freight. For which, or passage, apply to
Barnewall & Popham.
Who have for sale, landing on Merchants' wharf, from the above vessel—
20 hhds prime quality New Orleans Sugar.
March 31 1w

LINDSAY AND HILL
OFFER FOR SALE,
2000 bushels Albany seed Oats
15000 do salt for packing and striking fish
100 bags Havanna green coffee
20 hhds West India rum
13 bales cotton
6 hhds. 4 bls. and 10 boxes sugar
10 do whiskey
120 tons plaister
50 do logwood
March 31

Vice Consulate of Spain,

Alexandria, 29th March, 1817.

In pursuance of a Royal Proclamation of his Catholic Majesty, bearing date the 27th October, 1816, the introduction into the kingdom of Spain, of all and every description of foreign manufactures, composed wholly, or in part of cotton, is totally and strictly prohibited. For the information of whomsoever it may concern, in conformity to orders, I do hereby make known said royal decree.
JOAQUIN ZAMORANO.
March 31

Valuable Negroes for sale.

On the 15th of April next will be sold at Public Auction at Port Tobacco, in front of the Clerk's Office Seventeen Likely Young Negroes, Among them there are several uncommonly fine house servants, one blacksmith and one carpenter. The rest (except a woman and three children) are young men, healthy and of good character. Terms of sale Cash. Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M. No postponement except on account of weather.
F. D. Stone.
Port Tobacco March 28 eotl10d

Twenty Dollars Reward.

Ran away from Major William Noland, at Aldie, Loudoun county, Virginia, a Negro Man named MOSES, a dark mulatto, 22 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, stout made and stoops in his shoulders, has a lounging walk, his nose turns up considerably—had on when he went away a dark short coat of home made cloth, and pantaloons of the same, laced shoes, and a half worn wool hat; the rest of his cloathing not recollected. The above reward will be given to any person who will deliver him to Major Noland at the place, or to me near this place, or confine him in any jail so that I get him again.
Isabella Hislop.
Aldie, March 14—17 eo3w
☞ N. B. All persons, and masters of vessels are hereby forewarned from harboring or employing said negro, as the law will be enforced against such offenders.
March 17

ORPHANS' COURT,
Alexandria County, March Term, 1817.

Ordered, that the administrator of Ferdinand Marsteller, deceased, do insert the usual advertisement three times a week for four weeks, in the Alexandria newspapers

A copy—Test.
A. MOORE, Register.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters of administration on the personal estate of Ferdinand Marsteller, late of the county aforesaid deceased:—All persons having claims against the said decedent are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, passed by the Orphans' Court, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of September next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment Given under my hand this 17th March 1817.
JAMES R. RIDDLE,
Adm'r of Ferdinand Marsteller.
March 17 eo4w

For Rent,

The frame Warehouse recently occupied by John H. Clements and Co. nearly opposite the Union Bank King street at a moderate rent, or storage would be received in it low.

Apply to

JOHN JACKSON & CO.

March 24 d2w

Notice to Grocers.

The old establishment of John May, deceased, Tobacconist, situate 3 doors below Marsteller's auction room and opposite Matthias Snyder's paint and oil store, on Prince street, is now revived and carried on more extensively in all its branches than it ever before has been done—under the firm of

Jonathan C. May and Co,

Customers are invited to apply, where they may be furnished with the following articles at wholesale and retail, on the best terms for cash.

VIZ.

Prime cavendish
Ditto small twist from 8 to 10 per lb
Second quality do
Pigtail in rolls
Best Spanish segars warranted
Half Spanish do
American segars
Smoking tobacco in papers
Maccoboy snuff
Rappee and Scotch, in bottles and bladders.

N. B. Several thousand weight of tobacco stems for sale.

March 26

The editors of the National Intelligencer are requested to insert the above three times, and forward their account to the subscribers.

John Jackson & Co.

Offer for sale at reduced prices,

Brussels carpeting, bombazetts and bombazeens
Irish and german linens
White wine vinegar in casks
Cargo and prime beef
A few boxes smoaked salmon
A few crates C C plates
Wines, molasses, brandy, candles
Cotton cards, cordage
A few trunks and cases ladies elegant and common shoes and bootees
2 cases elegant French hats
1 do silk or water proof do

With a great variety of Dry Goods at the lowest limitations.

March 24 d2w

For Sale,

THAT substantially built & elegantly finished three story *Brick Dwelling House* on Water-street, formerly the residence of the late Dr. *Kennedy*; with which will be sold, either conjointly or separately, the adjoining vacant *Lot*, 29 feet front and 120 feet deep.—The terms of sale will be very accommodating to the purchaser.

If this property be not sold previously to the 15th of May next, it will then be for *Rent* and possession given immediately thereafter.

Application may be made to

J. L. M'Kenna.

april 24 d3t&2awtf

Lawrason & Fowle

Have received per the schooner Native, Capt. Mayhew, from Boston, and for sale,

62 tons plaister Paris
150 bls N E. Rum
50 bags Havana green coffee
50 do Sumatra pepper
700 reams wrapping paper
2 bales Burbour gurrahs
3 checks
2 Sooty romal
4 bales of hops.

For Boston,

The packet schooner

Native,

N. Mayhew, master, will sail in six days. For passage, having superior accommodations, apply as above.

March 25

FOR FREIGHT,

Ship Maria, burthen 3500 barrels, is a well built substantial vessel, in complete order for the immediate reception of a cargo.

ALSO

Ship Wilhelmina, burthen 4000 barrels; is in prime order and can be ready to receive a cargo in a few days.

Apply to

Lawrason and Fowle.

March 25

Wood for Sale,

On the subscribers wharf and of which he expects a further supply of Oak, Hickory & Pine, which will be sold at the Market price, and carts provided to carry a large or small quantity to any part of the town.

ISAAC ENTWISLE.

March 22 d1m

Red Clover Seed.

We expect to receive in a few days, a parcel of fresh, warranted CLOVER SEED.

Mandeville and Larmour.

March 11

Burr Millstone Manufactory.

JOHN S. BROWN & CO.

Respectfully inform the public, that they continue the manufactory of Burr Millstones, on the corner of Patrick and Cameron streets, in the town of Alexandria, where they are ready to receive any orders with which they may be favored, and will execute them with all despatch and in the best manner.

October 6 tf

Bryan Hampson and Co.

Offer for sale,

5 puncheons old Jamaica } RUM
30 do fine flavored 3rd & 4th proof Antigua }

40 barrels NE Rum
60 barrels prime green } COFFEE
100 bags white }
20 bags pepper
500 bushels Liverpool fine and ground allum salt
500 sacks fine salt

With a general assortment of Groceries, and the best flour for family use.

March 26 tf

For Sale,

A few casks Messrs Murdock, Youille, Wdrdrop and Co's London Particular Madeira—Quality, fine

W HODGSON

Jan 31

For Madeira,

The substantial, fast sailing brig Agenora, Martin, master; more than half her cargo is engaged For freight of 500 barrels, which will be taken low, apply to T. H. Howland, or to Charles Chapin, who goes out supercargo in the above vessel.

March 26 6t

Fire Insurance.

The Columbian Insurance Company of Alexandria, continue to insure buildings, furniture, merchandize and other property, from loss by fire. The condition and terms, may be learned upon application at their office, next door to the City Hotel, and will be found as moderate & equitable as those of any other company.

The rates of premium are calculated in reference to the actual risk of property, and are as low as 25 cents per 100 dollars per annum for hazards of the best description, increasing proportionably for risks of a more hazardous nature. Insurances may be made for one or more years, or shorter periods.

Columbian Insurance Office, Feb. 20.

d2w1atf

Feb 20

Little River Turnpike Comp'y

AT the annual meeting of the Stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, in the town of Alexandria, on the 13th January 1817—it was

Resolved, That for the purpose of encouraging the use of broad wheeled waggons on the Little River Turnpike Road, that all waggons the broadth of the wheels whereof shall be 6 inches, shall be permitted to pass the gates on said road toll free for the term of 2 years, and all waggons whose wheels shall be the breadth of 5 inches, shall be permitted to pass toll free for the term of 18 months—also, all waggons the breadth of the wheels whereof shall be 4 inches and under 5 inches, shall be permitted to pass on paying half toll for the term of 3 years from the time they shall pass the respective gates, which shall be specially noticed by the gate keeper, who shall notify the treasurer of the same. This regulation shall be extended to all persons who shall avail themselves of it within three years from this date.

PHILIP NELSON, Chnirman.

January 17 2aw6m

☞ The editor of the Winchester Gazette, is requested to insert the above six months, and send his account to this office.

Land for Sale.

I WILL sell or exchange for property in the upper country, a tract of Land in Charles county, Maryland, 25 miles below Alexandria and 8 from the town of Dumfries, situated on the Potomac river, between the mouths of Chiccamuxin and Mattawoman Creeks, containing 1200 acres, a large portion of which is well wooded; the arable land is equal in point of soil to any on the river, three hundred acres of which, with a large marsh, may be enclosed with a fence of 200 yards, between the head of Chiccamuxin Creek and the river. The improvements consist of a small and convenient dweling house, with two rooms below and two above, a well of excellent water in the yard, a barn and quarters for the accommodation of negroes. On the above land there are four fisheries inferior to none on the river. The marshes are extremely valuable, as they can from their situation be reclaimed for a trifling expeence—Application must be made to the subscriber residing on the head of Mattawowan Creek near Port Tobacco.

William Mason, jun.

March 18 lawtf

TO EET,

A small frame Dwelling House, at the intersection of Wolf and Columbus sts.

Joseph Rinker.

March 22 eo4t

Tannery for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale the large and extensive Tannery situated on Duke street, containing four acres of Ground. The improvements are a dwelling, Beam and Bark House, 100 laying away vats, liners. bates and handlers in proportion, with fountain pumps, mills, &c.; the stock in trade, consisting of a large quantity of tanned and green leather, hides, skins, etc. The situation of this property renders it the most desiraule in the district, to a company of men desirous of embarking in the business. The contemplated canal from Goose to Hunting creek is reported to pass through it: added to this, it is one of the most desirable situations for establishing flour stores, in Alexandria. A further description is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed persons disposed to purchase will view the property. If not sold at private sale by the first April, it will on that day be offered at public auction.

JOHN McPHERSON & SON.

March 18 1awts

NOTICE.

The subscriber intending to remove from this place in a short time, requests all those indebted to him by bond, note or open account, to come forward & settle them up to first of January 1817.

He will dispose of the Houses & Lots he now occupies, and possession given the 15th October next. The dwelling house is calculated for the accommodation of a family, with all the necessary out houses, and a very productive garden, subject to a small ground rent—the stand for retailing goods, or purchase of produce, is inferior to none in town.

It is deemed unnecessary to give a more minute description, as it is presumed those wishing to purchase will view the premises.

He will also sell a quarter acre Lot and Dwelling House thereon, near the court house.

The above property will be disposed of on accommodating terms to those wishing to purchase.

GEORGE SMITH.

Dumfries, January 14—16 eotf

TO RENT,

For one or more years—The brick store and frame warehouse, corner of King and Columbus streets, lately occupied by Daniel Cawood. Immediate possession will be given, on application, to

ISAAC ROBBINS, Trustee
or
JOHN ADAMS

March 17 eo6t

NOTICE.

ON the 27th day of August 1808, a hogshead of Tobacco marked WD 115, 695, 122, 573, of second quality, was inspected at the Alexandria ware house, where it remained ever since.

On the 19th June 1809, another hogshead marked 1M 82, 839, 109, 730, of second quality, was also inspected at that warehouse, where it also remains.

On the 8th of March 1810, another hogshead marked CT 55, 1204, 129, 1075, of first quality, was inspected at the same warehouse and still remains there. The owners of those hogsheads of tobacco are informed of their situation, and that if they do not discharge the rents due to the warehouse and the inspector's fees, they will be sold as directed by the inspection laws of Virginia.

RICHARD COE, Inspector.

March 21 1aw3w

NOTICE.

Fire Insurance Company of Alexandria,

Insurance Office, March 10, 1817.

THE Stockholders in this institution are hereby notified that they are required to pay at this office, an instalment of one dollar per share on each share of stock respectively held by them, on or before the 8th day of May next.

By order of the President & Directors.

J. B. NICKOLLS, Sec'y.

March 11 1aw8thMay

Notice is hereby given,

That application has been made to the President and Directors of the Little River Turnpike Company for the renewal of a certificate of one share of stock in said Company, issued to and in the name of John Laypole, No. 539, dated March 6, 1807, which has been lost or mislaid by

James Anderson.

March 27 1aw6w

JOHN S. BROWN & CO.

Inform the Public,

That they have on hand in Alexandria, a handsome assortment of BURR MILL STONES, which they will dispose of at the most reduced prices for cash.

March 25 1aw3w

☞ Editors of the Leesburg Washingtonian, and Winchester Gazette, are requested to insert the above once a week for three weeks.

For Boston & Portland,

The sch'r Buffaloe, Capt. Lee; will sail as soon as the ice permits and take some freight if offered immediately. Apply to

Lawrason and Fowle.

january 25

Merchants Bank Paper.

I will receive a few hundred dollars of Merchants Bank Paper in payment for dry goods, at 50 cents to the dollar.

Jonathan Scholfield.

February 7

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of RIDDLE and HILL, was by mutual consent dissolved on the 18th instant.

James R. Riddle,

Will continue to carry on business at the same Stand, and will settle all claims on the concern. Those indebted will please make payment to either of the subscribers.

James R. Riddle,
Joseph B. Hill.

March 24 2aw3w

Mechanics' Bank, Alexandria,

March 4, 1817.

THE Stockholders of this institution are hereby notified, that a dividend of five per cent. on the capital stock paid in, is this day declared, payable to them or their legal representatives, on Friday the 14th instant.

By order of the President and Directors.

Wm. Paton, jun. Cashier.

March 5 1m

Land for Sale or Exchange

Aing at the mouth of Pomonkey Creek, Tract of land of 840 acres lying affording every agricultural advantage, with an elegant scite for building.

A tract Of 334 ACRES, lying about one mile from the former, a considera ble portion in wood.

Another about 25 ACRES, about a mile from the first mentioned, entirely in wood of the best quality.

A tract of 331 ACRES, lying on Mattawoman Creek, having the advantages of the best navigation, a good spring and winter fishery. On this farm is a comfortable dwelling house, barn, stables, and the necessary out houses for the accommodation of a family.

A tract of 236 acres about one mile from the mouth of Mattawoman Creek entirely in wood; will cut from 20 to 30 cords per acre which can be sold at the mouth of the above mentioned creek at from 4 to 5 dollars per cord.

A tract of 100 acres at the mouth of Mattawoman Creek upon which is the well known fishery called Rum Point; on it are good out houses for curing any quantity of fish and every necessary convenience. All the above lands are on and near the Potomac, in Charles County Maryland

I wil sell low, or exchange for lands in Virginia, any of the abovementioned tracts. It is unnecessary to say any thing as to terms of sale, as any person wishing to purchase would either visit the premises or communicate by letter with the subscriber, residing near the head of Mattawoman Creek, about seven miles from Port Tobacco, Charles county, Maryland.

G. MASON.

February 13 1aw3m

Valuable Land for Sale,

The subscriber offers for sale, at public Auction, on

Saturday 10th May next.

on the premises, his tract of land lying in the county of Prince William, about thirty miles from Alexandria, and within three miles of the Turnpike road leading thereto, containing upwards of six hundred acres; about two thirds of the land is cleared, and is well adapted to the use of plaister of paris, watered by excellent springs and a never failing stream running through it, with several good mill seats on said stream. There is a mill that is out of use, which may be rebuilt at a very small expense—Houses for the accommodation of a family built on the premises, with an ice house and three hundred young apple trees,

The land that is not in cultivation is in clover and timothy. The above land will be offered to the highest bidder, on the following terms, to wit: about one fifth of the money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance at four annual instalments, (secured by a lien on the land) bearing interest from the first of November next, at which time possession will be given, and should the purchaser wish to rebuild the mill, possession of that part of the property would be given on the day of sale.

RICHARD B. ALEXANDER,

Residing on the premises.

March 6 1awts

ALMANACS,

English and German,

For the Year

1817,

Wholesale and Retail—for sale by

James Kennedy & Son

October 18 d

NOTICE.

THOSE indebted to the estate of John Forbes are notified, that the subscribers have authorized Geo. Forbes and Hor. C. M'Elherry to settle the same.

Thomas Marshall.
John Forbes.

March 13—14 eo1m

PAUL'S

Patent Columbian Oil.

In respect to which the Proprietor observes:—

"THE great sales of the Columbian Oil, since it has been brought before the public, prove its intrinsic value, and is a pleasing foreboding of what we have to expect from its more extensive circulation.

Many interesting certificates might be furnished, testifying to the great value of the Columbian Oil, but we have preferred giving but few, wishing to rest more on the merits of the medicine, than on the effects produced by certificates from a source however respectable.

The following are among the complaints in which the Columbian Oil has been found very efficacious, viz. rheumatism, consumption, gout, pains in any part of the body, but more particularly of the back and breast; asthma, phthisic, influenza, colds, coughs, whooping coughs, diseases of the eye and eye lids, toothache, ear ache, and deafness, cholic, cramps, external and internal bruises, sprains and flesh wounds, old sores, ulcers, felons, scalds, burns, mumps, dysentery or flux, croop, quinzy, diarhœa or lax, summer complaint of children, indigestion, loss of appetite, nervous debility, piles, mercurial diseases, especially in those cases where the system has been charged with mercury for some considerable time, and in those excruciating pains subsequent to its too great use and exposure. Herpes, or diseases of the skin, such as ring worms, tetters, scald head, &c. stiffness of joints and limbs, palsy, ague and fever, cholera morbus, gravel, gleetes, obstructed urine, scurvy, and in almost all cases of a general or local nature.

We are aware that in recommending a medicine in so many diseases, the public, especially those who have not used the Oil, may be induced to question its virtues, but a disposition of this nature will soon be dissipated, when they are informed that a great proportion of the diseases are owing to the same general cause.—And in those cases where the diseases differ materially in their nature, the effects produced are nearly the same, although not on the same principle.

A supply of the above just received and for sale by RICHARD H. LITLE, Druggist, King street.

ON HAND,

Best Spanish Segars, and prime chewing Tobacco.

February 11 1aw3m

NOTICE.

The subscriber will receive proposals until Monday the 31st instant, at twelve o'clock, for the cleaning all the public streets, lanes and alleys in the town of Alexandria—and will on that day let the same to the lowest bidder, provided such security be offered as he will accept of.

GEORGE CORYELL,

Superintendant of Police.

March 27 4t

Public Sale.

The subscriber's three story Brick House on Cameron street, opposite the market house and near to the Bank of Alexandria, heretofore advertised, (for particulars see our paper under date of 7th February last) will be offered at public sale on the premises

On Tuesday 15th April next.

at 10 o'clock. Terms a credit of four years for 5000 dollars, secured with interest on the property for the remainder, one half will be required in hand, and the balance in approved endorsed notes, payable with interest at three, six, nine and twelve months; the property being liable until paid.

Any person wishing to view the premises, or who would prefer purchasing at private sale, can have an opportunity of doing so on fair and liberal terms previous to the day of sale.

WM. DUNLAP.

March 28

FOR BERMUDA, TO RETURN DIRECT TO ALEXANDRIA

The substantial fast sailing

Schooner Leopard,

Wm. Markly master, will sail on Monday next, and accommodate two or three passengers comfortably and bring back any freight that may offer on moderate terms. The undersigned who goes out in the vessel, will undertake the management of any business, at that place or Barbados, that may be entrusted to his care

JOHN KINCAID.

March 28 3t

150 Dollars Reward.

Ran away, my Negro PETER, about 5 feet 10 inches high; a well set active fellow; likely face; rather droops; had a flat nose; he is a good waterman and a great seine knitter; and understands the seine business; it is likely he may endeavor to get to sea or some where else by water. Whoever takes up and secures said negro in jail so that I get him again shall receive if taken within 50 miles Fifty Dollars; if 100 miles One Hundred Dollars; and if a farther distance One Hundred and Fifty Dollars paid by

WILLIAM HOLLIS.

Masters of vessels are forewarned not to carry off or harbor said negro on penalty of paying me one thousand dollars damage.

March 5 eo3w